



KEY INDICATORS  
**SURVEY  
MEASURING  
VIET NAM  
SUSTAINABLE  
DEVELOPMENT  
GOAL INDICATORS  
ON CHILDREN AND  
WOMEN 2020-2021**

*October 2021*

**VIET NAM  
SDGCW SURVEY  
2020-2021**

 **MICS**  
GENERATING EVIDENCE TO DELIVER FOR CHILDREN



**Viet Nam General Statistics Office** and **UNICEF Viet Nam** are happy to release the **Summary Results** from the **Viet Nam SDGCW Survey 2020-2021**. The comprehensive Survey Findings Report and Thematic Statistical Snapshots will be released later in 2021.

The Survey measuring Sustainable Development Goal indicators on Children and Women in Viet Nam was carried out in 2020-2021 by Viet Nam General Statistics Office (GSO) in collaboration with other government ministries as part of the Global MICS Programme. Technical and financial support was provided by the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) and United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA).

The Global MICS Programme was developed by UNICEF in the 1990s as an international multipurpose household survey programme to support countries in collecting internationally comparable data on a wide range of indicators on the situation of children and women. MICS surveys measure key indicators that allow countries to generate data for use in policies, programmes, and national development plans, and to monitor progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and other internationally agreed upon commitments.

For more information on the Global MICS Programme, please go to [mics.unicef.org](https://mics.unicef.org).

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# SUMMARY OF SURVEY IMPLEMENTATION AND THE SURVEY POPULATION

## Survey sample and implementation

The sample for the Viet Nam SDGCW Survey 2020-2021 was designed to provide estimates for a large number of indicators on the situation of children and women at the national level, for urban and rural areas, for the six regions (Red River Delta, Northern Midlands and Mountainous Area, North Central and Central Coastal Area, Central Highlands, South East, and Mekong River Delta), for two big cities (Ha Noi and Ho Chi Minh) and for the most populous ethnic groups.

The urban and rural areas, regions, Ha Noi and Ho Chi Minh City were treated as sample domains and enumeration areas with high and low proportion of ethnic minorities within each domain were identified as the main sampling strata and the sample of households was selected in two stages. Within each stratum, a specified number of census enumeration areas were selected systematically with probability proportional to size.

All the selected enumeration areas were visited during the fieldwork data collection from 18 November 2020 to 3 February 2021. The sampling frame was based on the 2019 Viet Nam Census of Population and Housing. It was calculated that 700 sample clusters would be needed in total.

As the sample is not self-weighting, sample weights are used for calculating survey results.

Sample frame		Questionnaires	Household
Updated	Population Census 2019 September 2020		Women (age 15-49) Men (age 15-49) Children under five Children age 5-17 Water Quality Testing
<b>Interviewer training</b>	Oct – Nov 2020	<b>Fieldwork</b>	Nov 2020 to Feb 2021

Survey sample			
Households		Water Quality Testing	
• Sampled	14,000	• Sampled <sup>1</sup>	3,500
• Occupied	13,511	• Occupied	3,373
• Interviewed	13,359	• Response rate (percent)	
• Response rate (percent)	98.9	◦ Household	98.2
		◦ Source	98.1
Women (age 15-49)		Children under five	
• Eligible for interviews	11,294	• Eligible	4,404
• Interviewed	10,770	• Mothers/caretakers interviewed	4,329
• Response rate (percent)	95.4	• Response rate (percent)	98.3
Men (age 15-49)		Children age 5-17	
• Number in interviewed households	11,009	• Number in interviewed households	10,869
• Eligible for interviews <sup>2</sup>	5,429	• Eligible <sup>3</sup>	7,003
• Interviewed	4,923	• Mothers/caretakers interviewed	6,894
• Response rate (percent)	90.7	• Response rate (percent)	98.4

Survey population			
<b>Average household size</b>	3.4	<b>Percentage of population living in</b>	
Percentage of population under:		• Urban areas	34.5
• Age 5	8.1	• Rural areas	65.5
• Age 18	29.0	• Red River Delta	24.7
Percentage of women age 15-49 years with at least one live birth in the last 2 years	13.3	• Northern Midlands and Mountainous Area	12.6
		• North Central and Central Coastal Area	20.2
		• Central Highlands	6.2
		• South East	18.8
		• Mekong River Delta	17.5

1 The Water Quality Testing Questionnaire was administered to five randomly selected households in each cluster.

2 The Individual Questionnaire for Men was administered to all men age 15-49 years in every second household.

3 The Questionnaire for Children Age 5-17 was administered to one randomly selected child in each interviewed household.

# SURVEY MEASURING SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOAL INDICATORS ON CHILDREN AND WOMEN OF VIET NAM 2020-2021

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
<b>ACCESS TO MEDIA AND INTERNET</b>				
SR.1	Access to electricity	7.1.1	Percentage of household members with access to electricity	99.8
SR.2	Literacy rate (age 15-24 years)		Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years who are able to read a short simple statement about everyday life or who attended secondary or higher education	
			Women	96.1
			Men	96.8
SR.3	Exposure to mass media		Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who, at least once a week, read a newspaper or magazine, listen to the radio, and watch television	
			Women	5.4
			Men	6.7
SR.4	Households with a radio		Percentage of households that have a radio	7.2
SR.5	Households with a television		Percentage of households that have a television	85.9
SR.6	Households with a telephone		Percentage of households that have a telephone (fixed line or mobile phone)	96.1
SR.7	Households with a computer		Percentage of households that have a computer	29.2
SR.8	Households with internet		Percentage of households that have access to the internet by any device from home	72.4

4 Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) Indicators, <http://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/indicators-list/>. The Inter-agency Working Group on SDG Indicators is continuously updating the metadata of many SDG indicators and changes are being made to the list of SDG indicators. SDGCW survey covers many SDG indicators with an exact match of their definitions, while some indicators are only partially covered by SDGCW survey. The latter cases are included here as long as the current international methodology allows for only the way that the MICS indicator is defined, and/or a significant part of the SDG indicator can be generated by the SDGCW survey indicator. For more information on the metadata of the SDG indicators, see <http://unstats.un.org/sdgs/metadata/>.

5 All SDGCW survey indicators are or can be disaggregated, where relevant, by wealth quintiles, sex, age, ethnicity, migratory status, disability and geographic location (as per the reporting domains), or other characteristics, as recommended by the Inter-agency Expert Group on SDG Indicators: <http://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/Official%20List%20of%20Proposed%20SDG%20Indicators.pdf>

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
SR.9	Use of computer		Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who used a computer during the last 3 months	
			Women	30.9
			Men	32.1
SR.10	Ownership of mobile phone	5.b.1	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who own a mobile phone	
			Women	94.3
			Men	94.2
SR.11	Use of mobile phone		Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who used a mobile telephone during the last 3 months	
			Women	96.8
			Men	97.0
SR.12a SR.12b	Use of Internet	17.8.1	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who used the internet	
			Women	
			(a) during the last 3 months	81.3
			(b) at least once a week during the last 3 months	79.7
			Men	
			(a) during the last 3 months	83.0
			(b) at least once a week during the last 3 months	81.1

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
SR.13a SR.13b	ICT skills	4.4.1	Percentage of women and men who have carried out at least one of nine specific computer related activities during the last 3 months	
			Women	
			(a) age 15-24	38.9
			(b) age 15-49	27.2
			Men	
			(a) age 15-24	39.3
			(b) age 15-49	27.4

## USE OF TOBACCO AND ALCOHOL

SR.14a	Use of tobacco	3.a.1	Percentage of men age 15-49 years who smoked cigarettes or used smoked or smokeless tobacco products at any time during the last one month	39.9
SR.14b	Non-smokers	3.8.1	Percentage of men age 15-49 years who did not smoke cigarettes or any other smoked tobacco product during the last one month	59.9
SR.15	Smoking before age 15		Percentage of men age 15-49 years who smoked a whole cigarette before age 15	3.9
SR.16	Use of alcohol		Percentage of men age 15-49 years who had at least one alcoholic drink at any time during the last one month	73.4
SR.17	Use of alcohol before age 15		Percentage of men age 15-49 years who had at least one alcoholic drink before age 15	4.7



SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR	SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value	
<b>CHILDREN'S LIVING ARRANGEMENTS</b>				
SR.18		Children's living arrangements (0-17 years)	Percentage of children age 0-17 years living with neither biological parent	6.6
SR.S1		Children's living arrangements (0-15 years)	Percentage of children age 0-15 years living with neither biological parent	6.5
SR.19		Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead (0-17 years)	Percentage of children age 0-17 years with one or both biological parents dead	4.0
SR.S2		Prevalence of children with one or both parents dead (0-15 years)	Percentage of children age 0-15 years with one or both biological parents dead	3.7
SR.20		Children with at least one parent living abroad (0-17 years)	Percentage of children age 0-17 years with at least one biological parent living abroad	1.5
SR.S3		Children with at least one parent living abroad (0-15 years)	Percentage of children age 0-15 years with at least one biological parent living abroad	1.7

<b>SURVIVE<sup>6</sup></b>				
CS.1	Neonatal mortality rate	3.2.2	Probability of dying within the first month of life (per 1,000 live births)	6
CS.2	Post-neonatal mortality rate		Difference between infant and neonatal mortality rates (per 1,000 live births)	4
CS.3	Infant mortality rate		Probability of dying between birth and the first birthday (per 1,000 live births)	10
CS.4	Child mortality rate		Probability of dying between the first and the fifth birthdays (per 1,000 children survive up to age 1)	4
CS.5	Under-five mortality rate	3.2.1	Probability of dying between birth and the fifth birthday (per 1,000 live births)	14

<sup>6</sup> Mortality indicators are calculated for the last 5-year period.

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
<b>THRIVE – REPRODUCTIVE AND MATERNAL HEALTH</b>				
TM.1	Adolescent birth rate	3.7.2	Age-specific fertility rate (per 1, 000 women age 15-19 years)	42
TM.2	Early childbearing		Percentage of women age 20-24 years who have had a live birth before age 18	8.2
TM.3	Contraceptive prevalence rate		Percentage of women age 15-49 years currently married or in union who are using (or whose partner is using) a (modern or traditional) contraceptive method	72.8
TM.4	Need for family planning satisfied with modern contraception	3.7.1 & 3.8.1	Percentage of women age 15-49 years currently married or in union who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern contraceptive methods	72.2
TM.S1	Abortion ratio		Number of abortions per 1,000 live birth	68
TM.S2	General abortion rate		Number of abortions per 1,000 women age 15-49 years	4.7
TM.S3	Total abortion rate		Total abortion rate for women age 15-49 years	0.15
TM.S4	Institutional abortion		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with abortion in the last 2 years whose most recent abortion was performed in a health facility	95.4
TM.5a TM.5b TM.5c	Antenatal care coverage	3.8.1	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth were attended	
			(a) at least once by skilled health personnel	97.0
			(b) at least four times by any provider	88.2
			(c) at least eight times by any provider	52.7
TM.6	Content of antenatal care		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth, at least once, had blood pressure measured and gave urine and blood samples as part of antenatal care	74.0

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
TM.7	Neonatal tetanus protection		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth were given at least two doses of tetanus toxoid containing vaccine or had received the appropriate number of doses with appropriate interval prior to the most recent birth	77.9
TM.8	Institutional deliveries		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live birth was delivered in a health facility	96.3
TM.9	Skilled attendant at delivery	3.1.2	Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live birth was attended by skilled health personnel	96.1
TM.10	Caesarean section		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live birth was delivered by caesarean section	34.4
TM.11	Children weighed at birth		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child was weighed at birth	96.6
TM.12	Post-partum stay in health facility		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years and delivered the most recent live birth in a health facility who stayed in the health facility for 12 hours or more after the delivery	99.0
TM.13	Post-natal health check for the newborn		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child received a health check while in facility or at home following delivery, or a post-natal care visit within 2 days after delivery	88.5
TM.14	Newborns dried		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child was dried after birth	95.0
TM.15	Skin-to-skin care		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child was placed on the mother's bare chest after birth	12.5
TM.16	Delayed bathing		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years whose most recent live-born child was first bathed more than 24 hours after birth	63.3

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
TM.17	Cord cut with clean instrument		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years and delivered the most recent live-born child outside a facility whose umbilical cord was cut with a new blade or boiled instrument	42.6
TM.18	Nothing harmful applied to cord		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years and delivered the most recent live-born child outside a facility who had nothing harmful applied to the cord	86.1
TM.19	Post-natal signal care functions <sup>7</sup>		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years for whom the most recent live-born child received a least 2 post-natal signal care functions within 2 days of birth	83.3
TM.20	Post-natal health check for the mother		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who received a health check while in facility or at home following delivery, or a post-natal care visit within 2 days after delivery of their most recent live birth	88.1
TM.22	Multiple sexual partnerships		Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who had sex with more than one partner in the last 12 months	
			Women	0.1
			Men	1.8
TM.23	Condom use at last sex among people with multiple sexual partnerships		Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years reporting having had more than one sexual partner in the last 12 months who reported that a condom was used the last time they had sex	
			Women	*
			Men	54.6
TM.24	Sex before age 15 among young people		Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years who had sex before age 15	
			Women	0.9
			Men	0.2
TM.25	Young people who have never had sex		Percentage of never married women and men age 15-24 years who have never had sex	
			Women	95.0
			Men	81.3

<sup>7</sup> Signal functions are 1) Checking the cord, 2) Counseling on danger signs, 3) Assessing temperature, 4) Observing/counseling on breastfeeding, and 5) Weighing the baby (where applicable).

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
TM.26	Age-mixing among sexual partners		Percentage of women age 15-24 years reporting having had sex in the last 12 months who had a partner 10 or more years older	6.8
TM.27	Sex with non-regular partners		Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years reporting having had sex in the last 12 months who had a non-marital, non-cohabitating partner	
			Women	9.7
			Men	57.1
TM.S5	Women's own informed decisions regarding sexual relations and contraceptive use	5.6.1	Percentage of women age 15-49 years currently married/ in union and ever used contraception methods who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations and contraceptive use	60.7
TM.29	Comprehensive knowledge about HIV prevention among young people		Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years who correctly identify the two ways of preventing the sexual transmission of HIV <sup>8</sup> , who know that a healthy-looking person can be HIV-positive and who reject the two most common misconceptions about HIV transmission	
			Women	39.8
			Men	48.7
TM.30	Knowledge of mother-to-child transmission of HIV		Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who correctly identify all three means <sup>9</sup> of mother-to-child transmission of HIV	
			Women	34.5
			Men	28.7
TM.31	Discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV		Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years reporting having heard of HIV who report discriminatory attitudes <sup>10</sup> toward people living with HIV	
			Women	36.1
			Men	36.7

8 Using condoms and limiting sex to one faithful, uninfected partner

9 Transmission during pregnancy, during delivery, and by breastfeeding

10 Respondents who answered no to either of the following two questions: 1) Would you buy fresh vegetables from a shopkeeper or vendor if you knew that this person had HIV? 2) Do you think children living with HIV should be able to attend school with children who are HIV negative?

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
TM.32	People who know where to be tested for HIV		Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who state knowledge of a place to be tested for HIV	
			Women	58.9
			Men	65.8
TM.33	People who have been tested for HIV and know the results		Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who report having been tested for HIV in the last 12 months and know their results	
			Women	5.5
			Men	9.3
TM.34	Sexually active young people who have been tested for HIV and know the results		Percentage of women and men age 15-24 years reporting having had sex in the last 12 months, who have been tested for HIV in the last 12 months and know their results	
			Women	9.3
			Men	14.1
TM.35a TM.35b	HIV counselling during antenatal care		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who received antenatal care at least once by skilled health personnel during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth and during an ANC visit received	
			(a) counselling on HIV <sup>11</sup>	22.5
			(b) information or counselling on HIV after receiving the HIV test results	10.2
TM.36	HIV testing during antenatal care		Percentage of women age 15-49 years with a live birth in the last 2 years who received antenatal care at least once by skilled health personnel during the pregnancy of the most recent live birth and during an ANC visit were offered and accepted an HIV test and received test results	21.1
TM.S6	Cervical cancer screening		Percentage of women age 30-49 years who received cervical cancer screening	28.2
TM.S7	HPV vaccination		Percentage of women age 15-29 years who ever had HPV vaccination	7.5

<sup>11</sup> Someone talked with the respondent about all three of the following topics: 1) Babies getting the HIV from their mother, 2) preventing HIV and 3) getting tested for HIV

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR	SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
<b>THRIVE – CHILD HEALTH, NUTRITION AND DEVELOPMENT</b>			
TC.1		Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received BCG containing vaccine at any time before the survey	96.4
TC.2		Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received at least one dose of Inactivated Polio Vaccine (IPV) and the third/fourth dose of either IPV or Oral Polio Vaccine (OPV) vaccines at any time before the survey	65.7
TC.S1		Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received polio vaccination	86.0
TC.3	3.b.1 & 3.8.1	Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received the third dose of DTP containing vaccine (DTP3) at any time before the survey	91.9
TC.4		Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received the third/fourth dose of Hepatitis B containing vaccine (HepB3) at any time before the survey	89.7
TC.5		Percentage of children age 12-23 months who received the third dose of Hib containing vaccine (Hib3) at any time before the survey	90.7
TC.10	3.b.1	Percentage of children age 24-35 months who received the second measles containing vaccine at any time before the survey	78.3
TC.S2a TC.S2b		Percentage of children who at age	
		a) 12-23 months had received all basic vaccinations at any time before the survey	78.6
		b) 24-35 months had received all vaccinations recommended in the national immunization schedule	69.6
TC.12		Percentage of children under age 5 with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks for whom advice or treatment was sought from a health facility or provider	50.0

12 Polio coverage: Three doses of OPV and at least 1 dose of IPV, or two doses of OPV and at least one dose of IPV, or one dose of OPV and at least two doses of IPV.

13 Basic vaccinations include: BCG, 3 doses of OPV and at least 1 dose of IPV or 2 doses of OPV and at least 1 doses of IPV or 1 dose of OPV and at least 2 doses of IPV, 3 doses of DTP and 1 dose of measles vaccination. All vaccinations include all doses of vaccinations recommended for children under age 2 years in the national schedule.

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
TC.13a TC.13b	Diarrhoea treatment with oral rehydration salt solution (ORS) and zinc		Percentage of children under age 5 with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received	
			a) ORS	58.1
			b) ORS and zinc	21.2
TC.14	Diarrhoea treatment with oral rehydration therapy (ORT) and continued feeding		Percentage of children under age 5 with diarrhoea in the last 2 weeks who received ORT (ORS packet, pre-packaged ORS fluid, recommended homemade fluid or increased fluids) and continued feeding during the episode of diarrhoea	51.0
TC.15	Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking		Percentage of household members with primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking (living in households that reported cooking)	87.9
TC.16	Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for space heating		Percentage of household members with primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for space heating (living in households that reported the use of space heating)	48.1
TC.17	Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for lighting		Percentage of household members with primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for lighting (living in households that reported the use of lighting)	99.7
TC.18	Primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking, space heating and lighting	7.1.2	Percentage of household members with primary reliance on clean fuels and technologies for cooking, space heating and lighting <sup>14</sup>	86.0
TC.19	Care-seeking for children with acute respiratory infection (ARI) symptoms	3.8.1	Percentage of children under age 5 with ARI symptoms in the last 2 weeks for whom advice or treatment was sought from a health facility or provider	(72.6)
TC.20	Antibiotic treatment for children with ARI symptoms		Percentage of children under age 5 with ARI symptoms in the last 2 weeks who received antibiotics	(69.1)
TC.30	Children ever breastfed		Percentage of most recent live-born children to women with a live birth in the last 2 years who were ever breastfed	97.6

<sup>14</sup> Household members living in households that report no cooking, no space heating, or no lighting are not excluded from the numerator



SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
TC.31	Early initiation of breastfeeding		Percentage of most recent live-born children to women with a live birth in the last 2 years who were put to the breast within one hour of birth	23.5
TC.32	Exclusive breastfeeding under 6 months		Percentage of infants under 6 months of age who are exclusively breastfed <sup>15</sup>	45.4
TC.33	Predominant breastfeeding under 6 months		Percentage of infants under 6 months of age who received breast milk as the predominant source of nourishment <sup>16</sup> during the previous day	60.7
TC.34	Continued breastfeeding at 1 year		Percentage of children age 12-15 months who received breast milk during the previous day	66.5
TC.35	Continued breastfeeding at 2 years		Percentage of children age 20-23 months who received breast milk during the previous day	23.2
TC.36	Duration of breastfeeding		The age in months when 50 percent of children age 0-35 months did not receive breast milk during the previous day	15.8
TC.37	Age-appropriate breastfeeding		Percentage of children age 0-23 months appropriately fed <sup>17</sup> during the previous day	50.8
TC.38	Introduction of solid, semi-solid or soft foods		Percentage of infants age 6-8 months who received solid, semi-solid or soft foods during the previous day	86.0
TC.39a TC.39b	Minimum acceptable diet		Percentage of children age 6–23 months who had at least the minimum dietary diversity and the minimum meal frequency during the previous day	
			(a) breastfed children	46.5
			(b) non-breastfed children	44.1
TC.40	Milk feeding frequency for non-breastfed children		Percentage of non-breastfed children age 6-23 months who received at least 2 milk feedings during the previous day	92.7

15 Infants receiving breast milk, and not receiving any other fluids or foods, with the exception of oral rehydration solution, vitamins, mineral supplements and medicines

16 Infants who receive breast milk and certain fluids (water and water-based drinks, fruit juice, ritual fluids, oral rehydration solution, drops, vitamins, minerals, and medicines), but do not receive anything else (in particular, non-human milk and food-based fluids)

17 Infants age 0-5 months who are exclusively breastfed, and children age 6-23 months who are breastfed and ate solid, semi-solid or soft foods

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
TC.41	Minimum dietary diversity		Percentage of children age 6–23 months who received foods from 5 or more food groups <sup>18</sup> during the previous day	55.2
TC.42	Minimum meal frequency		Percentage of children age 6-23 months who received solid, semi-solid and soft foods (plus milk feeds for non-breastfed children) the minimum number of times <sup>19</sup> or more during the previous day	77.8
TC.43	Bottle feeding		Percentage of children age 0-23 months who were fed with a bottle during the previous day	54.3
TC.49a TC.49b TC.49c	Early stimulation and responsive care		Percentage of children age 24-59 months engaged in four or more activities to provide early stimulation and responsive care in the last 3 days with	
			(a) Any adult household member	64.8
			(b) Father	17.1
			(c) Mother	47.8
TC.50	Availability of children's books		Percentage of children under age 5 who have three or more children's books	26.5
TC.51	Availability of playthings		Percentage of children under age 5 who play with two or more types of playthings	45.8
TC.52	Inadequate supervision		Percentage of children under age 5 left alone or under the supervision of another child younger than 10 years of age for more than one hour at least once in the last week	6.5
TC.53	Early child development index	4.2.1	Percentage of children age 24-59 months who are developmentally on track in at least three of the following four domains: literacy-numeracy, physical, social-emotional, and learning	78.2

<sup>18</sup> The indicator is based on consumption of any amount of food from at least 5 out of the 8 following food groups: 1) breastmilk, 2) grains, roots and tubers, 3) legumes and nuts, 4) dairy products (milk, infant formula, yogurt, cheese), 5) flesh foods (meat, fish, poultry and liver/organ meats), 6) eggs, 7) vitamin-A rich fruits and vegetables, and 8) other fruits and vegetables

<sup>19</sup> Breastfeeding children: Solid, semi-solid, or soft foods, two times for infants age 6-8 months, and three times for children 9-23 months; Non-breastfeeding children: Solid, semi-solid, or soft foods, or milk feeds, four times for children age 6-23 months

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
<b>LEARN</b>				
LN.1	Attendance to early childhood education		Percentage of children age 36-59 months who are attending an early childhood education programme	80.5
LN.2	Participation rate in organised learning (one year before the official primary entry age) (adjusted)	4.2.2	Percentage of children in the relevant age group (one year before the official primary school entry age) who are attending an early childhood education programme or primary school	97.6
LN.3	School readiness		Percentage of children attending the first grade of primary school who attended early childhood education programme during the previous school year	94.0
LN.4	Net intake rate in primary education		Percentage of children of school-entry age who enter the first grade of primary school	96.9
LN.5a LN.5b LN.5c	Net attendance ratio (adjusted)		Percentage of children of	
			(a) primary school age currently attending primary or secondary school	98.2
			(b) lower secondary school age currently attending lower secondary school or higher	93.0
			(c) upper secondary school age currently attending upper secondary school or higher	78.1
LN.6a LN.6b LN.6c	Out-of-school rate		Percentage of children of	
			(a) primary school age who are not attending early childhood education, primary or lower secondary school	1.2
			(b) lower secondary school age who are not attending primary school, lower or upper secondary school or higher	5.6
			(c) upper secondary school age who are not attending primary school, lower or upper secondary school or higher	21.6
LN.7a LN.7b	Gross intake rate to the last grade		Percentage of children of completion age (age appropriate to final grade) attending the last grade (excluding repeaters)	
			(a) Primary school	94.4
			(b) Lower secondary school	85.6

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
LN.8a LN.8b LN.8c	Completion rate	4.1.2	Percentage of children age 3-5 years above the intended age for the last grade who have completed that grade	
			(a) Primary school	98.3
			(b) Lower secondary school	86.8
			(c) Upper secondary school	58.1
LN.9	Effective transition rate to lower secondary school		Percentage of children attending the last grade of primary school during the previous school year who are not repeating the last grade of primary school and in the first grade of lower secondary school during the current school year	98.6
LN.10a LN.10b	Over-age for grade		Percentage of students attending in each grade who are 2 or more years older than the official school age for grade	
			(a) Primary school	0.9
			(b) Lower secondary school	0.8
LN.11a LN.11b LN.11c	Education Parity Indices (a) Gender (b) Wealth (c) Area	4.5.1	Net attendance ratio (adjusted) for girls divided by net attendance ratio (adjusted) for boys	
			(a) Primary school	0.99
			(b) Lower secondary school	1.00
			(c) Upper secondary school	1.03
			Net attendance ratio (adjusted) for the poorest quintile divided by net attendance ratio (adjusted) for the richest quintile	
			(a) Primary school	0.99
			(b) Lower secondary school	0.83
			(c) Upper secondary school	0.53
			Net attendance ratio (adjusted) for rural residents divided by net attendance ratio (adjusted) for urban residents	
			(a) Primary school	1.00
			(b) Lower secondary school	0.97
			(c) Upper secondary school	0.88
LN.12	Availability of information on children's school performance		Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending schools who provided student report cards to parents	86.4

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
LN.13	Opportunity to participate in school management		Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending schools whose school governing body is open to parental participation, as reported by respondents	88.8
LN.14	Participation in school management		Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school for whom an adult household member participated in school governing body meetings	80.8
LN.15	Effective participation in school management		Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school for whom an adult household member attended a school governing body meeting in which key education/financial issues were discussed	70.4
LN.16	Discussion with teachers regarding children's progress		Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school for whom an adult household member discussed child's progress with teachers	64.9
LN.17	Contact with school concerning teacher strike or absence		Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school who could not attend class due to teacher strike or absence and for whom an adult household member contacted school representatives when child could not attend class	21.8
LN.18	Availability of books at home		Percentage of children age 7-14 years who have three or more books to read at home	51.2
LN.19	Reading habit at home		Percentage of children age 7-14 years who read books or are read to at home	82.7
LN.20	School and home languages		Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school whose home language is used at school	92.8
LN.21	Support with homework		Percentage of children age 7-14 years attending school who have homework and received help with homework	55.1
LN.22a LN.22b LN.22c LN.22d LN.22e LN.22f	Children with foundational reading and number skills	4.1.1	Percentage of children who successfully completed three foundational reading tasks	
(a) Age 7-14			83.2	
(b) Age for grade 2/3			73.5	
(c) Attending grade 2/3			72.7	
Percentage of children who successfully completed four foundational number tasks				
(d) Age 7-14			73.3	
(e) Age for grade 2/3			55.0	
(f) Attending grade 2/3			51.9	

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR	SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value	
<b>PROTECTED FROM VIOLENCE AND EXPLOITATION</b>				
PR.1	Birth registration	16.9.1	Percentage of children under age 5 whose births are reported registered with a civil authority	98.1
PR.2	Violent discipline	16.2.1	Percentage of children age 1-14 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past one month	72.4
PR.3	Child labour (total)	8.7.1	Percentage of children age 5-17 years who are involved in child labour <sup>20</sup>	6.9
PR.S1	Child labour (economic activities)	8.7.1	Percentage of children age 5-17 years who are involved in economic activities at or above age-specific hourly thresholds	5.7
PR.4a PR.4b	Child marriage	5.3.1	Percentage of women and men age 20-24 years who were first married or in union	
			Women	
			(a) before age 15	1.1
			(b) before age 18	14.6
			Men	
			(a) before age 15	0.3
			(b) before age 18	1.9
PR.5	Young people age 15-19 years currently married or in union		Percentage of women and men age 15-19 years who are married or in union	
			Women	7.4
			Men	1.4
PR.6	Polygyny		Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who are in a polygynous union	
			Women	1.2
			Men	1.9

<sup>20</sup> Children involved in child labour are defined as children involved in economic activities above the age-specific thresholds, children involved in household chores above the age-specific thresholds, and children involved in hazardous work. See Tables PR.3.1-3 for more detailed information on thresholds and classifications.

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
PR.7a PR.7b	Spousal age difference		Percentage of women who are married or in union and whose spouse is 10 or more years older,	
			(a) age 15-19 years	9.3
			(b) age 20-24 years	5.8
PR.12	Experience of robbery and assault		Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who experienced physical violence of robbery or assault within the last 12 months	
			Women	1.6
			Men	1.2
PR.13	Crime reporting	16.3.1	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years experiencing physical violence of robbery and/or assault in the last 12 months and reporting the last incidences of robbery and/or assault experienced to the police	
			Women	27.7
			Men	32.1
PR.14	Safety	16.1.4	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years feeling safe walking alone in their neighbourhood after dark	
			Women	84.8
			Men	97.4
PR.15	Attitudes towards domestic violence		Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years who state that a husband is justified in hitting or beating his wife in at least one of the following circumstances: (1) she goes out without telling him, (2) she neglects the children, (3) she argues with him, (4) she refuses sex with him, (5) she burns the food	
			Women	10.9
			Men	9.9

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
<b>LIVE IN A SAFE AND CLEAN ENVIRONMENT</b>				
WS.1	Use of improved drinking water sources		Percentage of household members using improved sources of drinking water	98.1
WS.2	Use of basic drinking water services	1.4.1	Percentage of household members using improved sources of drinking water either in their dwelling/yard/plot or within 30 minutes round trip collection time	97.8
WS.3	Availability of drinking water		Percentage of household members with a water source that is available when needed.	97.0
WS.S1	Availability of drinking water		Percentage of household members with a water source that is available when needed in the last 12 months	89.8
WS.4	Faecal contamination of source water		Percentage of household members whose source water was tested and with E. coli contamination in source water	43.8
WS.5	Faecal contamination of household drinking water		Percentage of household members whose household drinking water was tested and with E. coli contamination in household drinking water	41.1
WS.6	Use of safely managed drinking water services	6.1.1	Percentage of household members with an improved drinking water source on premises, whose source water was tested and free of E. coli and available when needed	54.0
WS.S2	Arsenic contamination of source drinking water		Percentage of household members whose source water was tested and with arsenic contamination in source water	0.6
WS.7	Handwashing facility with water and soap	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	Percentage of household members with a handwashing facility where water and soap or detergent are present	90.7
WS.8	Use of improved sanitation facilities	3.8.1	Percentage of household members using improved sanitation facilities	92.1
WS.9	Use of basic sanitation services	1.4.1 & 6.2.1	Percentage of household members using improved sanitation facilities which are not shared	89.9
WS.10	Safe disposal in situ of excreta from on-site sanitation facilities	6.2.1	Percentage of household members in households with improved on-site sanitation facilities from which waste has never been emptied and buried in a covered pit	88.5





SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
WS.11	Removal of excreta for treatment off-site	6.2.1	Percentage of household members using an improved on-site sanitation facility from which a service provider has removed waste for treatment off-site	8.0
WS.12	Menstrual hygiene management		Percentage of women age 15-49 years reporting menstruating in the last 12 months and using menstrual hygiene materials with a private place to wash and change while at home	95.6
WS.13	Exclusion from activities during menstruation		Percentage of women age 15-49 years reporting menstruating in the last 12 months who did not participate in social activities, school or work due to their last menstruation	4.0

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
<b>EQUITABLE CHANCE IN LIFE</b>				
EQ.1	Children with functional difficulty		Percentage of children age 2-17 years reported with functional difficulty in at least one domain	1.8
EQ.2a EQ.2b EQ.2c	Health insurance coverage		Percentage of women, men and children covered by health insurance	
			a) Women age 15-49 Men age 15-49	85.6 80.3
			b) Children age 5-17 years	96.3
			c) Children under 5	96.1
EQ.3	Population covered by social transfers	1.3.1	Percentage of household members living in households that received any type of social transfers and benefits in the last 3 months	39.0
EQ.4	External economic support to the poorest households		Percentage of households in the two lowest wealth quintiles that received any type of social transfers in the last 3 months	32.4
EQ.5	Children (under 18 years) in the households that received any type of social transfers		Percentage of children under age 18 living in the households that received any type of social transfers in the last 3 months	42.1
EQ.S1	Children (under 16 years) in the households that received any type of social transfers		Percentage of children under age 16 living in the households that received any type of social transfers in the last 3 months	43.5
EQ.6	School-related support		Percentage of children and young people age 5-24 years currently attending school that received any type of school-related support in the current/most recent academic year	27.1
EQ.7	Discrimination	10.3.1 & 16.b.1	Percentage of women and men age 15-49 years having personally felt discriminated against or harassed within the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law	
			Women	2.6
			Men	3.6

SDGCW/MICS6 INDICATOR		SDG <sup>4</sup>	Definition <sup>5</sup>	Value
EQ.9a EQ.9b	Overall life satisfaction index		Average life satisfaction score for women and men	
			Women	
			(a) age 15-24	7.5
			(b) age 15-49	7.3
			Men	
			(a) age 15-24	7.1
			(b) age 15-49	7.1
EQ.10a EQ.10b	Happiness		Percentage of women and men who are very or somewhat happy	
			Women	
			(a) age 15-24	66.1
			(b) age 15-49	64.3
			Men	
			(a) age 15-24	61.6
			(b) age 15-49	69.8
EQ.11a EQ.11b	Perception of a better life		Percentage of women and men whose life improved during the last one year and who expect that their life will be better after one year	
			Women	
			(a) age 15-24	46.7
			(b) age 15-49	42.5
			Men	
			(a) age 15-24	45.6
			(b) age 15-49	45.4



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