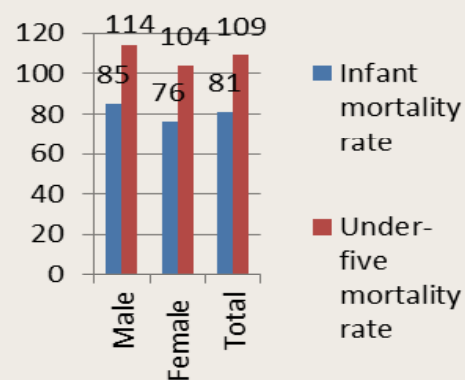




Child Mortality

	Infant mortality rate	Under-five mortality rate
Male	85	114
Female	76	104
Total	81	109



MICS is an international household survey programme developed by UNICEF. The Gambia MICS was conducted as part of the fourth global round of MICS surveys (MICS4). MICS provides up-to-date information on the situation of children and women, and measures key indicators that allow countries to monitor progress towards the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) and other internationally agreed commitments.

This is the fourth survey in the series of Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS) conducted in The Gambia. The fourth survey was conducted in 2010. These studies were aimed at monitoring progress made by The Gambia towards the attainment of the mid-decade and end-decade goals set during the above-mentioned Summit.

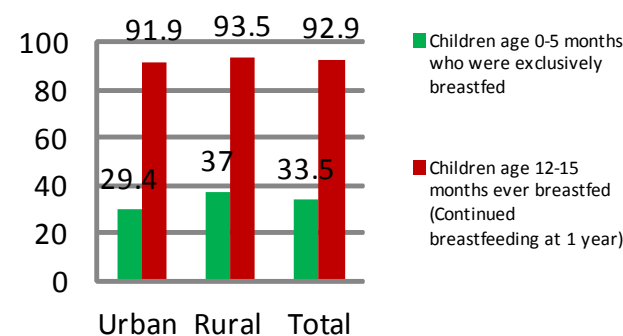
Children under 5 malnourished

	Under 5s who are underweight	Under 5s who are stunted
Poorest	23.5	31.2
Second	18.7	26.3
Middle	18.0	24.2
Forth	16.0	21.7
Richest	9.5	11.8
Total	17.4	23.4



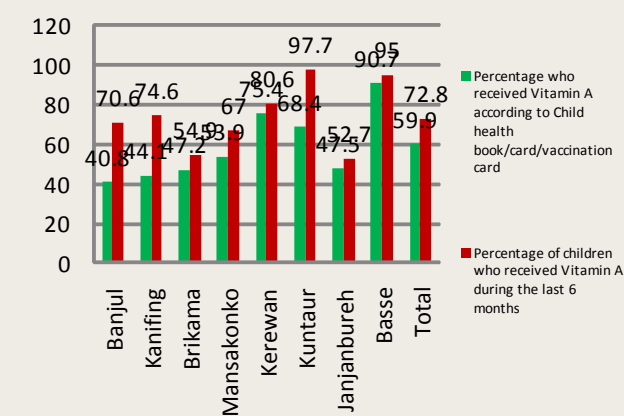
Breastfeeding

	Children age 0-5 months who were exclusively breastfed	Children age 12-15 months ever breastfed (continued breastfeeding at 1 year)
Urban	29.4	91.9
Rural	37	93.5
Total	33.5	92.9



Children's vitamin A supplementation

	Percentage who received Vitamin A according to Child health book/card/vaccination card	Percentage of children who received Vitamin A during the last 6 months
Banjul	40.8	70.6
Kanifing	44.1	74.6
Brikama	47.2	54.9
Mansakonko	53.9	67
Kerewan	75.4	80.6
Kuntaur	68.4	97.7
Janjanbureh	47.5	52.7
Basse	90.7	95
Total	59.9	72.8



The Gambia



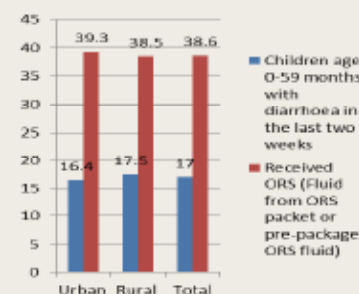
CONTACT

UNICEF Gambia
5 Kofi Annan Street, Bakau,
Cape Point, The Gambia
www.unicef.org



Diarrhoea & ORS

	Children age 0-59 months with diarrhoea in the last two weeks	Received ORS (Fluid from ORS packet or pre-package ORS fluid)
Urban	16.4	39.3
Rural	17.5	38.5
Total	17	38.6

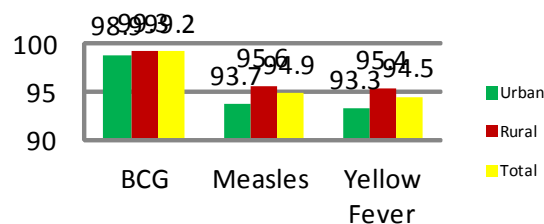


Malaria

	Children who slept under an insecticide treated net	Children with a fever in the last two weeks who were treated with any anti-malarial drug
Urban	34.0	31.4
Rural	32.8	29.1
Total	33.3	30.2

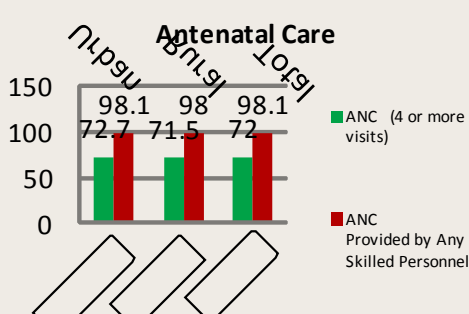
Immunization

	BCG	Measles	Yellow Fever
Urban	98.9	93.7	93.3
Rural	99.3	95.6	95.4
Total	99.2	94.9	94.5



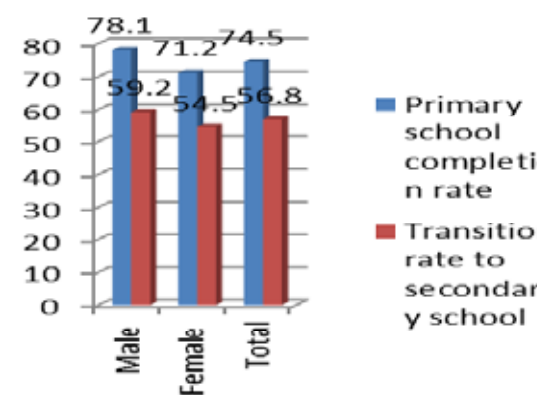
Antenatal care

	ANC (4 or more visits)	ANC provided by any skilled personnel
Urban	72.7	98.1
Rural	71.5	98.0
Total	72.0	98.1



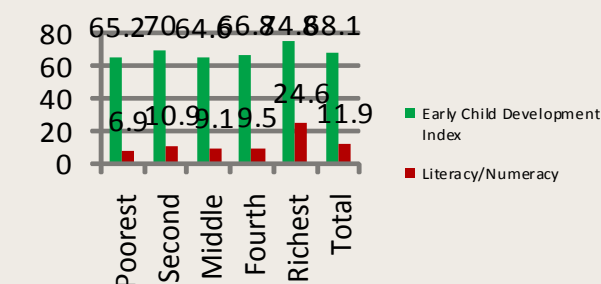
Primary and Secondary school participation

	Primary school completion rate	Transition rate to secondary school
Male	78.1	59.2
Female	71.2	54.5
Total	74.5	56.8



Early childhood development

	Early Child Development Index	Literacy/Numeracy
Poorest	65.2	6.9
Second	70.0	10.9
Middle	64.6	9.1
Fourth	66.8	9.5
Richest	74.8	24.6
Total	68.1	11.9



Acronyms

ANC Antenatal Care
 IMR Infant Mortality Rate
 ORS Oral Rehydration Solution
 USMR Under-5 Mortality Rate

Definitions

IMR: Children who died before age 1
 USMR: Children who died before age 5
 Stunting: Too short for age
 Wasting: Too thin for height (acute malnutrition)
 BCG: Against tuberculosis
 Improved water: Piped, wells, spring, rain, or bottled
 ANC (prevalence): ANC from any skilled health personnel

The Gambia CHILD HEALTH

MULTIPLE INDICATOR CLUSTER SURVEY 2010

Monitoring the situation of children and women



N.B. All values detailed herein are percentages except the mortality figures which are per 1,000 live births and the gender parity index which is the ratio of boys to girls.